PARKINSONISM AND HOMOEOPATHY

Parkinsonism in simple words is defined as a gradual deterioration of nerve centres in brain, responsible for controlling moment; as degeneration proceeds, the delicate balance between Dopamine and Acetylcholine that ensures transmission of nerve impulses is also upset. In most cases no obvious cause can be found, but in a few cases the culprit has been found to be carbon-monoxide poisoning, poisoning by heavy metals such as mercury or manganese, or drugs particularly phenothiazines used in the treatment of schizophrenia. In allopathic science, Parkinsonism is usually controlled by anticholinergic drugs, but these can have unpleasant side effects. The following remedies have been useful to at least help the patient to stabilize their dose of anti-cholinergic drugs or to reduce their intensity of tremors or help in their rigidity or stiffness —

- a) Neodynium metallicum 30 C has shown excellent results to gradually keep the tremor and rigidity under control.
- b) Lolium 30 C has been found very effective in controlling the tremors.
- c) Hyoscyamine hydrobrom 30 C has been effective in controlling rigidity and depression that frequently accompanies the disease.